Math 432 – Combinatorics Homework 4 Due Feb 19, 2016.

Work the following problems. Show all your work. Each problem is 4 points.

1. Use generating function to evaluate the following sum:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k \binom{n}{k}^2.$$

- 2. In how many ways can one pick 25 coins that are pennies, nickels, or dimes, with at least three nickels, at most five dimes and an even number of pennies?
- 3. (B2, Putnam 1992) For nonnegative integers n and k, define Q(n,k) to be the coefficient of x^k in the expansion of $(1 + x + x^2 + x^3)^n$. Prove that

$$Q(n,k) = \sum_{j=0}^{k} \binom{n}{j} \binom{n}{k-2j}.$$

4. Prove the identity below. (hint: choose x appropriately in $\sum {\binom{2n}{n}x^n} = (1-4x)^{-1/2}$.)

$$\sum (-1)^k \binom{n-k}{k} \binom{2n-2k}{n-k} = 2^n$$

5. Evaluate the sum below using convolution, and give a combinatorial proof of the resulting identity.

$$\sum_{j=0}^{k} \binom{n+k-j-1}{k-j} \binom{m+j-1}{j}.$$

6. For positive integers m, n, using generating function to prove that

$$\sum_{k} \binom{n+k}{m+2k} \binom{2k}{k} \frac{(-1)^k}{k+1} = \binom{n-1}{m-1}.$$